9 Errors that Cause Taiwanese Research Papers to be Rejected

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Introduction

- NCTU, NTHU, NCU and ITRI technical writing teacher and editor- Watched rejection
- Personally edited over 650 papers in the last 5 years.
- 86 Colleges, Universities and Research Institutes.
 Over 4,300 papers total
- Collected Reviewers and Editors Comments -Research researchers

The Publication Challenge

Consider the following statistic:
 "The chance that a typical paper of average quality will get a favorable recommendation from both referees is about 11% (= 1/9)."

- 1993 APS OBSERVER newsletter, a publication of the American Psychological Society.

What Causes Rejection of Taiwanese Papers?

- "The little things"
- Editor, Journal of Retailing.
- "Maybe there are some good ideas in the paper, but after a couple pages with mistakes, I just don't care"
 Demons that attack good ideas
- House model of paper preparation

English as a reason for rejection

1) Double the number of articles submitted as ten years ago
2) Same number of journals
3) Some editors simply reject papers that are too poorly written to send for review. They have many other options

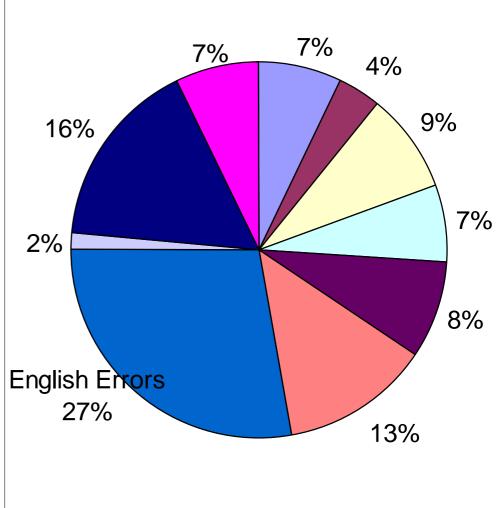
Editor's quote

 "Journal editors are very busy with to many papers submitted for their journal's limited space, sometimes they teach in addition to their editorial responsibilities. They don't have time to play English teacher and rewrite poorly written English papers. It is much more efficient to just reject them."

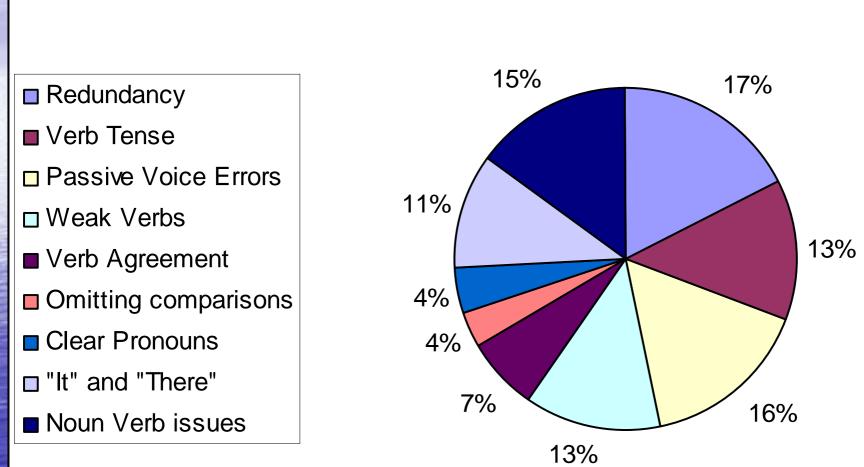
– Senior editor at publishing house

Reasons for major revision or rejection of Taiwanese journal papers

- Faulty methodology
- Inadequate references
- Poor quality supporting figures
- □ Outside the scope of journal
- Not enough contribution to field
- Authors did not follow manuscript instructions
- Poor writing style and use of English
- Title not representative of study
- Subject of little novel interest or not generally applicable
- Poorly written discussion



Writing Errors that Cause Revision and Rejection



Passive Voice Errors

 "Generally, I think you could improve the whole paper by using more active voice sentences. It will improve the flow and allow the reader to follow your meaning."
 1st Reviewer, Journal of Hydrology

IEEE Guidelines

"If you wish, you may write in the first person singular or plural and use the active voice. Remember to check spelling. If your native language is not English, please get a native English-speaking colleague to proofread your paper.
 Template for Preparation of Papers for IEEE Sponsored Conferences & Symposia

Frank Anderson, Sam B. Niles, Jr., and Theodore C. Donald, Member, IEEE

IEEE Software Author Guidelines

 "Use active instead of passive voice and straightforward declarative sentences."

AIVIA Manual of Style recommends that:

 "In general, authors should use the active voice, except in instances in which the author is unknown or the interest focuses on what is acted upon."

AMA Manual of Style: A Guide for Authors and Editors. 10th ed. New York, NY: Oxford University Press; 2007.

The Journal of Trauma and Dissociation:

"Use the active voice whenever possible: We will ask authors that rely heavily on use of the passive voice to re-write manuscripts in the active voice."

Guidelines for authors. International Society for the Study of Trauma Web site: *The Journal of Trauma & Dissociation*. http://www.isst-d.org/jtd/journal-trauma-dissociation-info-for-authors.htm. Accessed March 5, 2009.

Ophthalmology

 "Active voice is much preferred to passive voice, which should be used sparingly....Passive voice...does *not* relieve the author of direct responsibility for observations, opinions, or conclusions (e.g., 'The problem of blood flow was investigated...' vs. 'We investigated the problem of blood flow...')."

Guide for authors. Elsevier Web site: *Ophthalmology: Journal of the American Academy of Ophthalmology.* http://www.elsevier.com/wps/find/journaldescription.cws_home/620418/authorinstructions. Accessed March 5, 2009.

The Journal of Neuroscience

"Overuse of the passive voice is a common problem in writing. Although the passive has its place—for example, in the Methods section—in many instances it makes the manuscript dull by failing to identify the author's role in the research....Use direct, active-voice sentences."
 Westbrook G, Cooper L. Writing tips: Techniques for clear scientific writing and editing. The Society for

Neuroscience Web site: The Journal of Neuroscience. http://www.jneurosci.org. Accessed March 5, 2009.

British Medical Journal

 "Please write in a clear, direct, and active style....Write in the active [voice] and use the first person where necessary."

The essentials of BMJ style. BMJ Publishing Group Web site: British Medical Journal.

http://resources.bmj.com/bmj/authors/bmj-house-style. Accessed March 5, 2009.

The *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association* (APA) has similar advice:

 "Prefer the active voice....The passive voice is acceptable in expository writing and when you want to focus on the object or recipient of the action rather than on the actor."

 American Psychological Association. (2001). Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association (5th ed.). Washington, DC: Author.



"Use active voice when suitable, particularly when necessary for correct syntax."

http://www.sciencemag.org/about/authors/prep/res/style.dtl. Accessed March 4, 2009.

Behavioral Ecology

"Active voice is preferable to the impersonal passive voice."

Instructions to authors. Oxford Journals Web site: Behavioral Ecology.

http://www.oxfordjournals.org/our_journals/beheco/for_authors/general.html. Accessed March 5, 2009.

Nature

"Nature journals like authors to write in the active voice as experience has shown that readers find concepts and results to be conveyed more clearly if written directly."

How to write a paper: writing for a Nature journal. Nature Publishing Group Web site: *Nature.* <u>http://www.nature.com/authors/author_services/how_write.html</u>.

Accessed March 4, 2009.

Cautions about the active voice

• When can we use the passive voice?

- In Methods sections,
- When we don't know who completed the action
- When we don't care
- Don't use the personal pronoun (I, we)
- Use Research, Study, Paper,

Identification of poor food, bad housing, inadequate hygiene and large families as the major causes of poverty *was made by* Jones (2005).

 Jones (2005) *identified* poor food, bad housing, inadequate hygiene and large families as the major causes of poverty.

 Consideration of whether countries work well on cross-border issues such as immigration is undertaken by Raul (2007).
 Raul (2007) considered whether countries work well on cross-border issues such as immigration.

- Modification of the model was made by Johnson (2007) to reduce Color Breakup (CBU).
- Johnson (2007) modified the model to reduce Color Breakup (CBU).

 Statistical analysis is performed in this study on the influences of CBU on display quality.

 This study statistically analyzes how CBU influences display quality.

Noun to verb change corrections

 "It seems that many of your errors come from your using nouns instead of verbs. This makes your sentences longer because you need additional "meaningless" verbs to complete them." Associate Editor, Journal of Retailing

Improvement of the system is achieved by variation of the control frequencies .

 Varying the control frequencies improves the system.

Enumeration of three reasons why the English language has become so important was made by Thompson (2006).
Thompson (2006) enumerated three reasons why the English language has become so important.

A slight increase occurred in the performance rate.

 The performance rate slightly increased.

Discussion of the challenges and strategies for *facilitation* and *promotion* of ERP is performed *by* Smith (2007).
Smith (2007) *discussed* the challenges and strategies for *facilitating and promoting* ERP.

Creating strong verbs

 "Another suggestion for your paper is to find a native editor to help you with your verb use. Strong verbs move sentences. Helping verbs often confuse the reader in your technical descriptions." Reviewer, Journal of Technology Management

Smith (2003) *asked the question as to* whether conventional methods provide the best environment for execution.

 Smith (2003) *questioned* whether conventional methods provide the best environment for execution.

This article made a comparison of several scenario modeling sequences in order to ensure market competitiveness.
 This article compared several scenario modeling sequences to ensure market competitiveness.

Rao (2008) *made use of* examples of these various techniques as evidence that innovation continues.

 Rao (2008) used examples of these various techniques as evidence that innovation continues. Avoid starting sentences with the words, "It" and "There."

 Your sentences are too long, especially your methods section! Try cutting them into individual units of complete thought instead of stringing together thoughts without stopping for breath." – Reviewer, Journal of Water Resource Management

It is *vital* that quantitative measures usefully supplement and extend qualitative analysis.

 Quantitative measures must usefully supplement and extend qualitative analysis.

It is necessary that the best method to adopt for this investigation is to determined by the committee.

 The committee must decide the best method to adopt for this investigation.

It is imperative that scheduling of the work shifts be done by the section supervisor.
The section supervisor must schedule the work shifts.

It is crucial that assessment of the control strategy be performed by the site manager.

 The site manager must assess the control strategy. Use pronouns clearly (they, which, them, this, it, he, she, etc.)

• "Line 12 on page 3 of your paper is an example of your ongoing problem using pronouns clearly. There are at least 3 different nouns "it" could refer to. You must make your pronoun references clear!" -3rd Reviewer, IEEE Transactions on Advanced Packaging

- The study design significantly affected the analysis of X. This indicates that Y can be modified based on the C.
- The study design significantly affected the analysis of X. This (finding, observation, phenomenon) indicates that Y can be modified based on the C.

In most previous studies, *they* do not consider the effect of X on Y.
 Most previous studies do not consider the effect of X on Y.

In most recent studies, *they* measure X in four different ways
Most recent studies measure X in four different ways .

Deleting redundancy and extra words

 "The whole paper should be shorter. I am confident that you could say everything you need to in 30% less space." – Reviewer, IEEE Journal of Engineering Management

It may be said that there are not fewer than one explanation which could explain this result.

 There are several possible explanations for this result.

The current study was unable, *insofar as we could determine*, to analyze these variables.

 The current study was unable to analyze these variables.

 It is the systems analyst who makes a determination of the question as to whether the program should be implemented.

 The systems analyst determines whether to implement the program.

 It may be said that systems have the ability to incorporate types of equipment in order that the user is in a position to interact with the system.

 Systems can incorporate equipment so that the user can interact with the system.

Two concerns as a technical writer

Short

If the meaning stays the same

Clear

English has shades of meaning
Thesaurus

Examples of redundant phrases that can be simplified

Specific examples of redundancy

• the question as to

whether

serves the function of

10

reach a conclusion

conclude

put an end to





) if



before

subsequent to



• in view of the fact that

because, since

In large measure

Iargely

• is in excess of

• exceeds, surpasses





• after the conclusion of



• notwithstanding the fact that

although

• manner in which



• make inquiry regarding

- ask about, inquire about

• it is possible that

may, might, could, can

• is found to be

N

• is capable of



• in this case





occasionally



never

• in all cases

always

• in most cases

generally





• in close proximity to

<mark>) near</mark>

• in a number of

several, many

• if conditions are such that



happens to be

am/is/are

give indication of

• indicate/suggest

give consideration to

consider

• for this reason

since, because

• for the reason that



• for the purpose of



• during the time that



• due to the fact that

because, since

• despite the fact that

although

come to a conclusion

conclude





• be deficient of



• at this point in time

now

• at the present time



• at such time as



• ascertain the location of



• a majority of

most

Examples of general words which can be made precise



• correlate with, correspond to



implement, execute, promulgate



• modify, adjust, alter, vary



valuate, assess

correct/incorrect

 precise/imprecise, accurate/inaccurate



• obtain, derive, attain, locate, identify



• assist, facilitate, guide, direct



• critical, crucial, essential, pertinent, relevant, significant, vital

little, few

slightly, seldom, negligibly

• problem

 obstacle, limitation, restriction, shortcoming, drawback, phenomenon



• method, means, approach, strategy

figure out

• distinguish, differentiate, discriminate, identify

suitable

appropriate, adequate



• attempts, aims, aspires

usually
 normally, typically, generally



• highly, rather, quite, extremely



• complete, entire, comprehensive

• make clear

elucidate, clarify

Verb tense change within a sentence

 "Your discussion section changes verb tense often. Sometimes you change several times within a sentence. It makes it difficult to understand what has been done and what you are still planning to do" – Reviewer, IEEE Signal Processing Letters

All studies described as using the X procedure *are included* in the analysis.
All studies described as using the X procedure *were included* in the analysis.

X *will be* synthesized using the same method that was detailed for Y, using CO2
X *was* synthesized using the same method that was detailed for Y, using CO2.

"Concentrations of these compounds show no dependence on temperature and remained at a stable level..."
"Concentrations of these compounds showed no dependence on temperature and remained at a stable level...".

Which tense should you use?

- Use past tense to describe methods and results
- Use present tense to describe what is known and the implications of your findings
- Be consistent with tense within sentences

Omitting comparisons

 "Line 20 of page 2 should read, 'The finance department focuses on profits more than the accounting department does.'" -1st Reviewer, Finance Review

 The finance department focuses on profits more than the accounting department.

 The finance department focuses on profits more than the accounting department does.

"The leachate fingerprint from the river was compared to the landfill."

"The leachate fingerprint from the river was compared with that from the landfill."

Country A funds high tech innovation *more than* Country B.
Country A funds high tech innovation *more than* Country B *does*.

The device formulated in this experiment has higher luminance.
The device formulated in this experiment has higher luminance *than conventional models*.

"Reactions with NaO-*t*-Bu were faster."

"Reactions with NaO-t-Bu were faster than those with LiO-t-Bu."

Remember:

 Relative terms, such as more, higher and greater, require a reference for comparison and do not make sense alone

Subject and verb agreement

 "Read the submission guidelines! English should be checked first! There are many basic errors that should have been corrected throughout this paper." Reviewer, IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics

"A sample was taken at three sites..."

"Samples were taken at three sites..."

This paper *seek* to address the following questions:

This paper seeks to address the following questions:

However, there have been no controlled studies which *compares* differences in X and Y.

 However, there have been no controlled studies which *compare* differences in X and Y. The Nine Taiwanese Writing Errors (60% of all errors made)

- Passive Voice Errors
- Noun-Verb Errors
- "It" and "There"
- Weak Verbs
- Omitting Comparisons
- Verb Tense
- Verb Agreement
- Redundancy
- Clear Pronouns

One more error: Criticizing References

- "I think that the author knows his subject better than I do. I usually use his references to find a suitable reviewer" - Associate Editor, Journal of Retailing
- Don't emphasize the importance of your paper by putting down on other papers. Your references are probably your reviewers and they are sensitive. When citing other papers avoid using negative terms.

Your research area is small.

 It is very likely that either your reference or one of his friends will be your reviewer.
 Rejected for "Poor English"

Examples of offensive citation:

- "The deficiency of Smith's approach is..."
- "The problems with Smith's paper are..."
- "A serious weakness with Smith's argument, however, is that"
- "The key problem with Smith's explanation is that"
- It seems that Smith's understanding of the X framework is questionable."

A better citation would be:

 "Smith's model was effective in X problem, however in Y..."
 "The X benefit of Smith's approach are not applicable to Y..."

Reviewers' comments

 "I don't' think you treated Smith fairly in your literature review, his insights deserve more respect."

You forgot to include Smith as a reference in your paper. His work is fundamental to understanding your research."

Conclusion

Handout of our talk available

- www.seminars.tw
- www.editing.tw
- Editing from 86 colleges and universities, domain specialized editors, understand Taiwanese English, educational comments
- Three Stage translation process to preserve meaning and clarity

Books

- How to write and publish an academic paper in 16 weeks
- How to attend, speak or present a poster at an academic conference